

# **Calibration Issues in High Accuracy Mobile Mapping**

**Jens Kremer  
EuroCOW 2012  
12.02.2012, Castelldefels, Spain**

# IGI mbH

- Founded 1978
- 25 staff – about half in R&D
- More than 380 customers in 60 different countries
- World-wide technical support



IGI office in Kreuztal



# IGIs Modular Sensor Systems

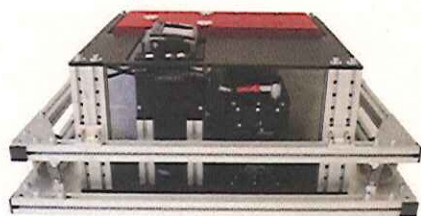


- Missionplanning
- Navigation
- GNSS/IMU
- Sensor Management

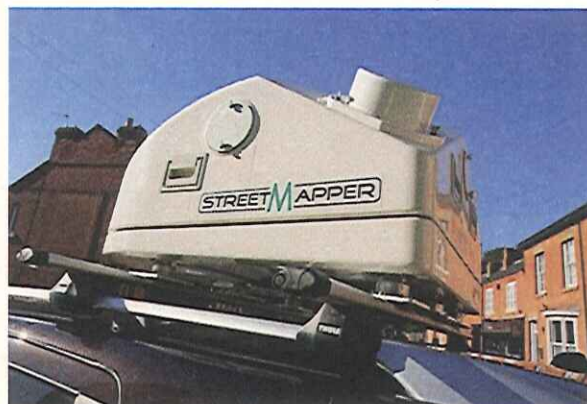


# IGIs Mobile LiDAR Solutions

**LITE****M****APPER**<sup>®</sup>



**STREET****M****APPER**<sup>®</sup>

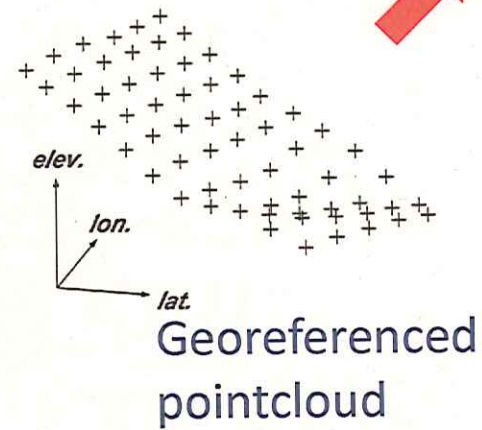
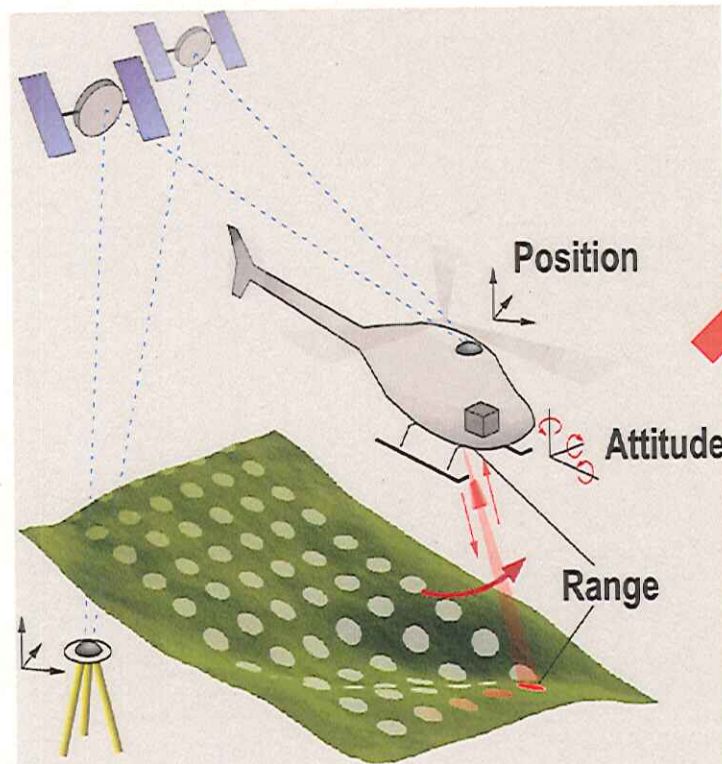


**RAIL****M****APPER**<sup>®</sup>

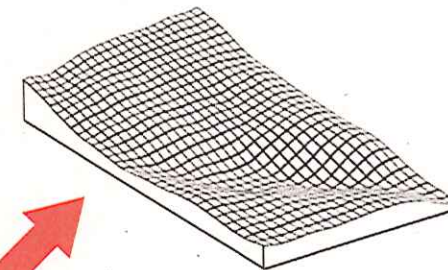




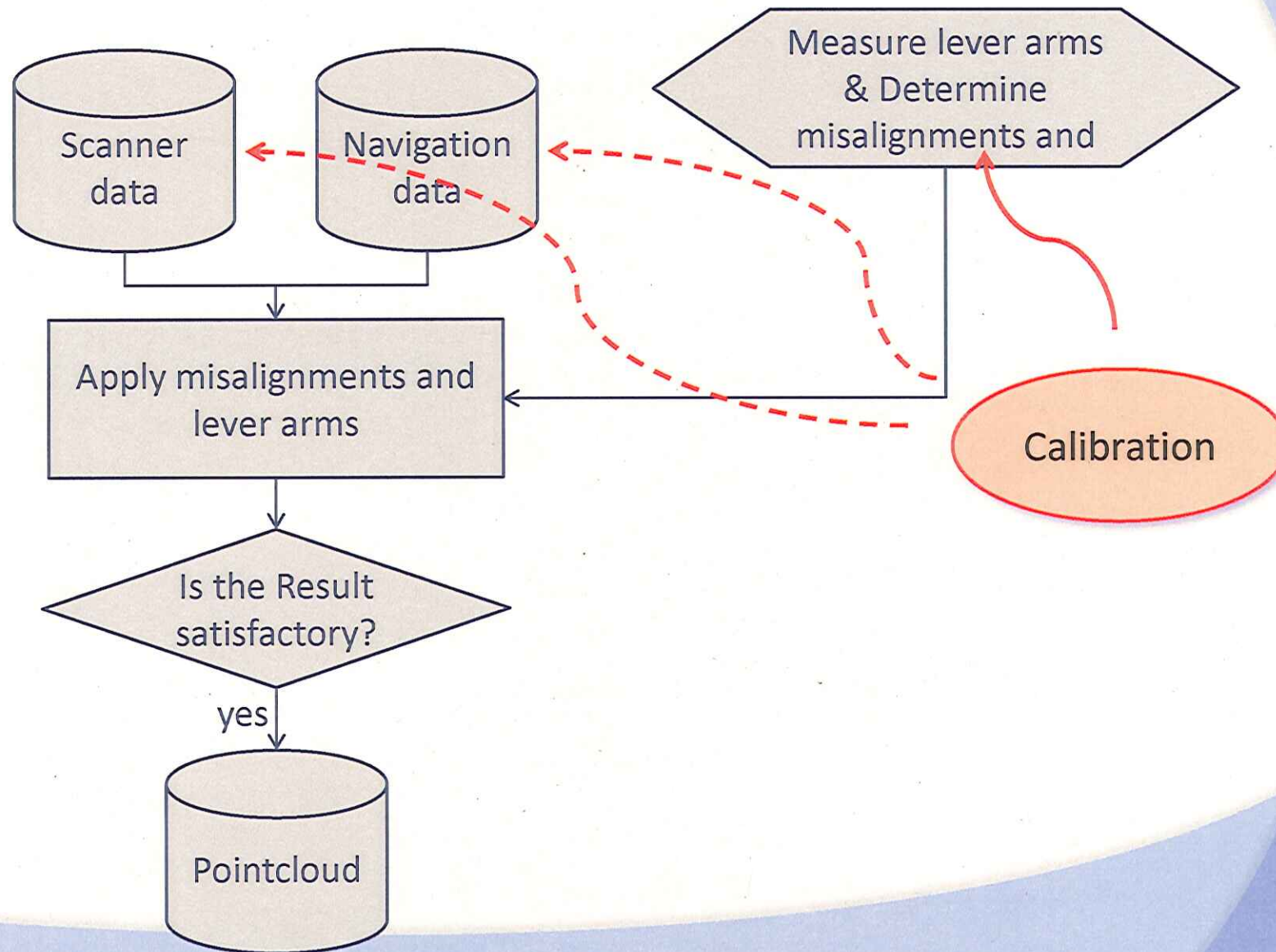
# Mobile LiDAR Mapping



DSM

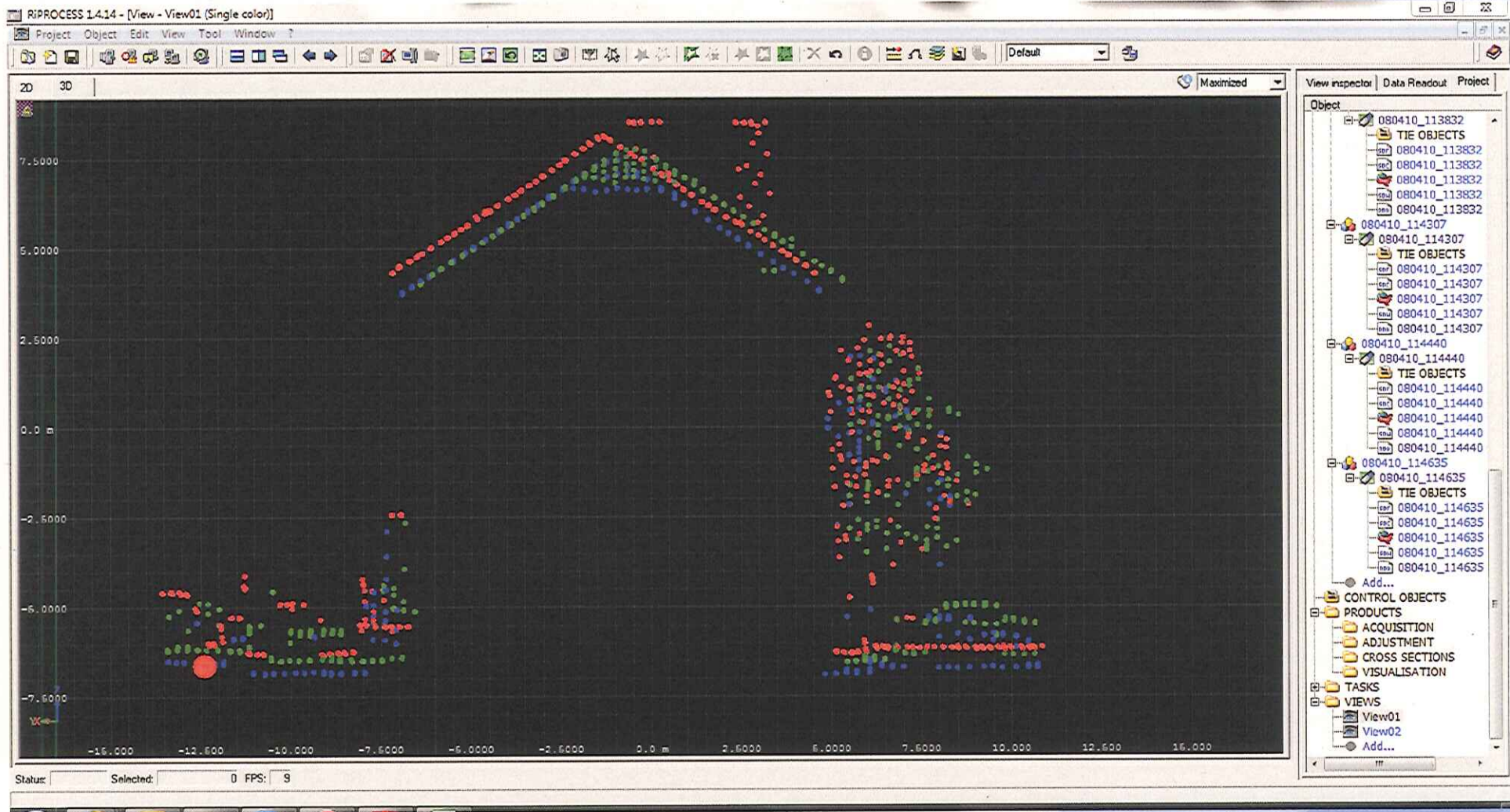


# Georeferencing Workflow



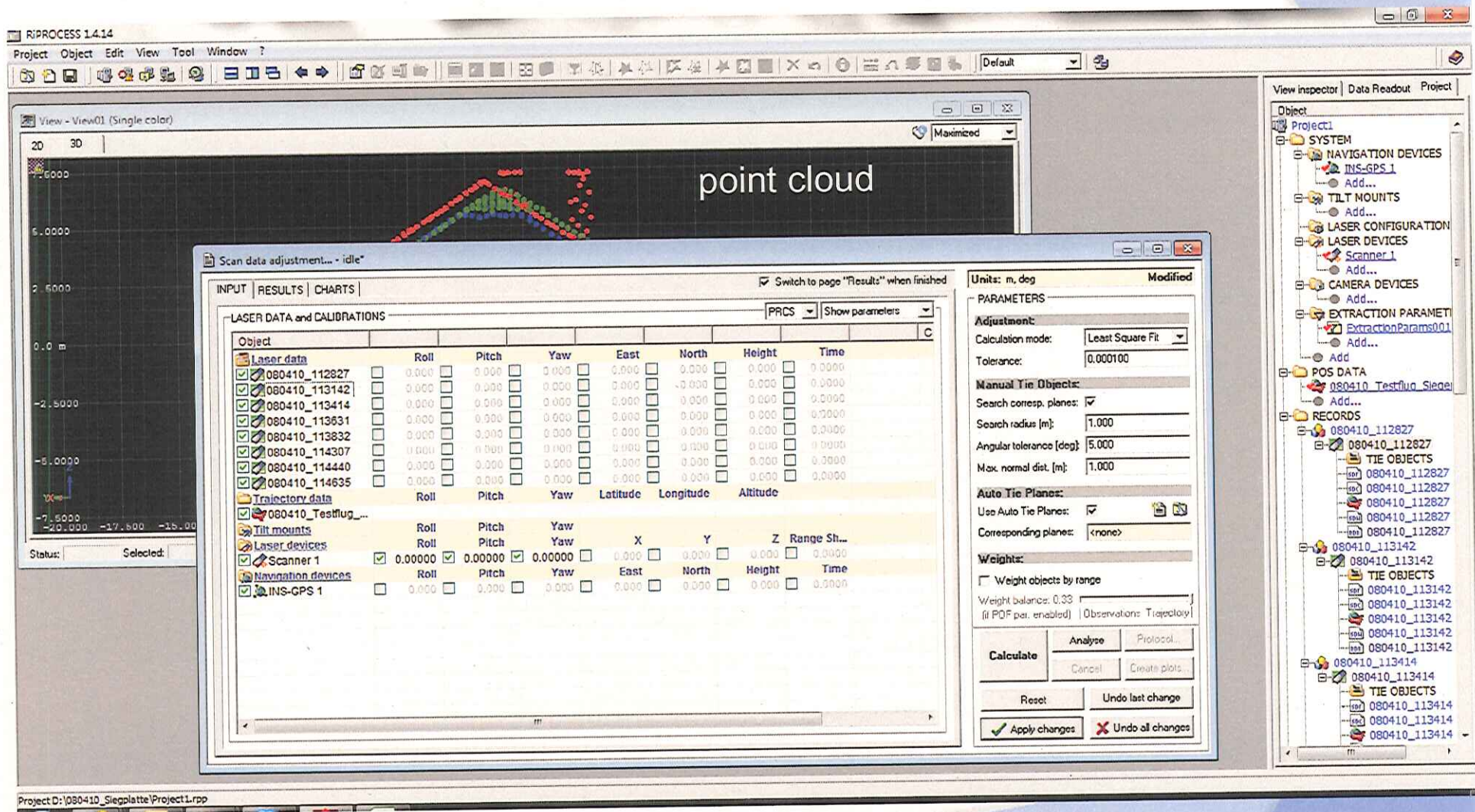


# Calibration Airborne I



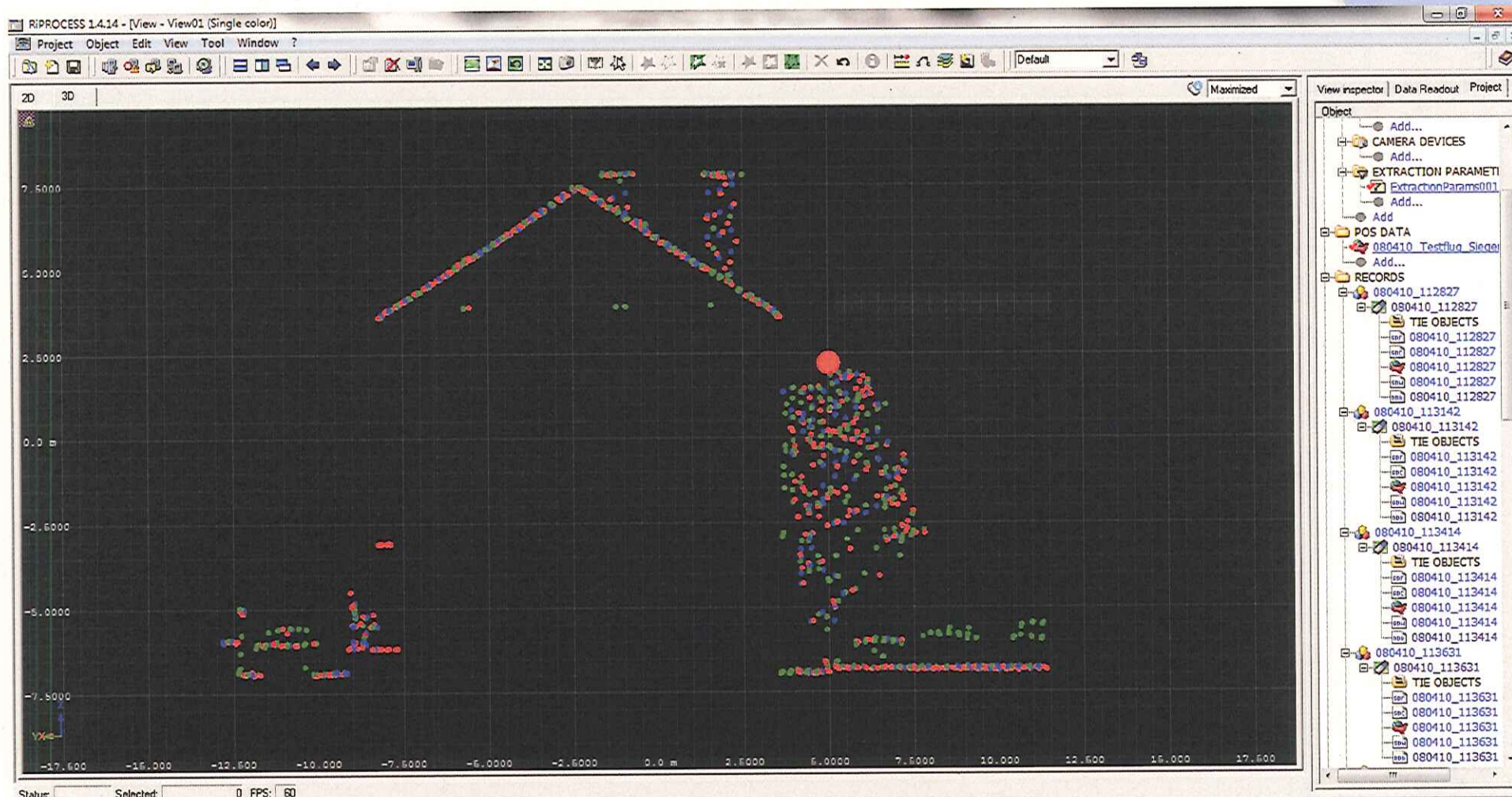


# Calibration Airborne II





# Calibration Airborne III

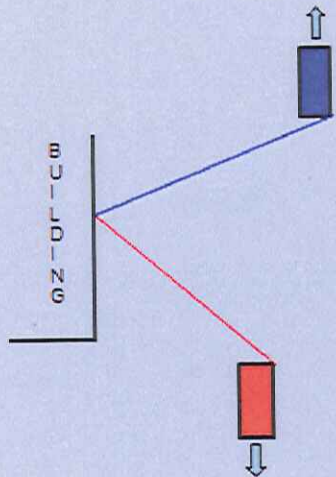




# Calibration Mobile

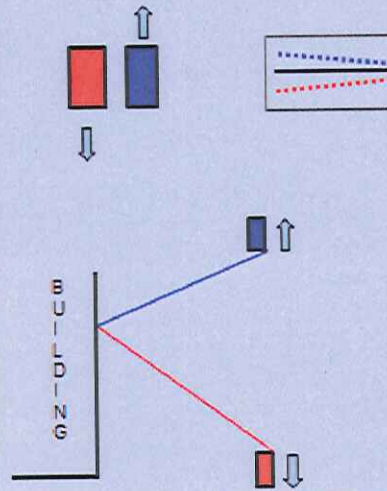
## Heading error

- Mismatch visible only at longer distance from scanner
- Mismatch visible in walls – solvable only with right pattern
- Mismatch visible in point features (poles, building corners)



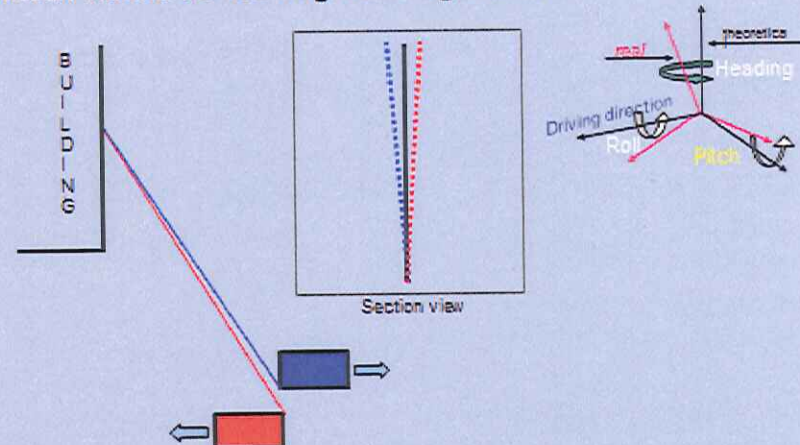
## Roll error

- Mismatch visible only at longer distance from scanner
- Mismatch visible as elevation difference in ground
- Mismatch visible as leaning building walls



## Pitch error

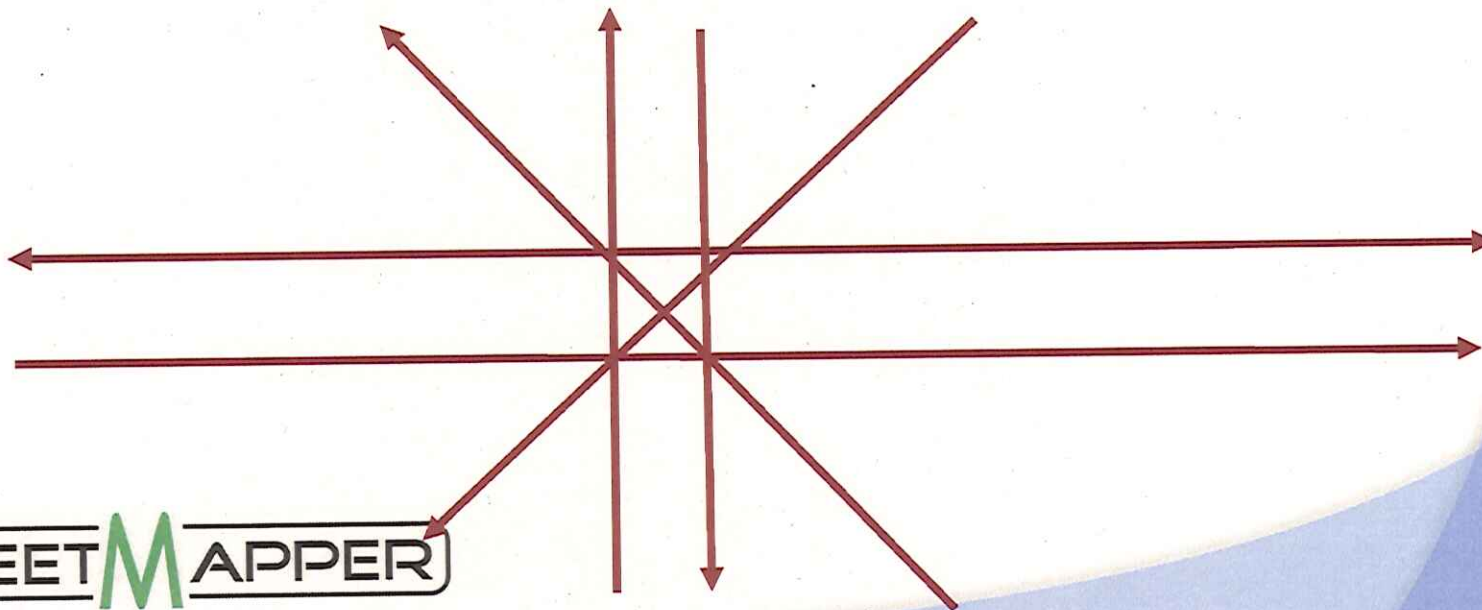
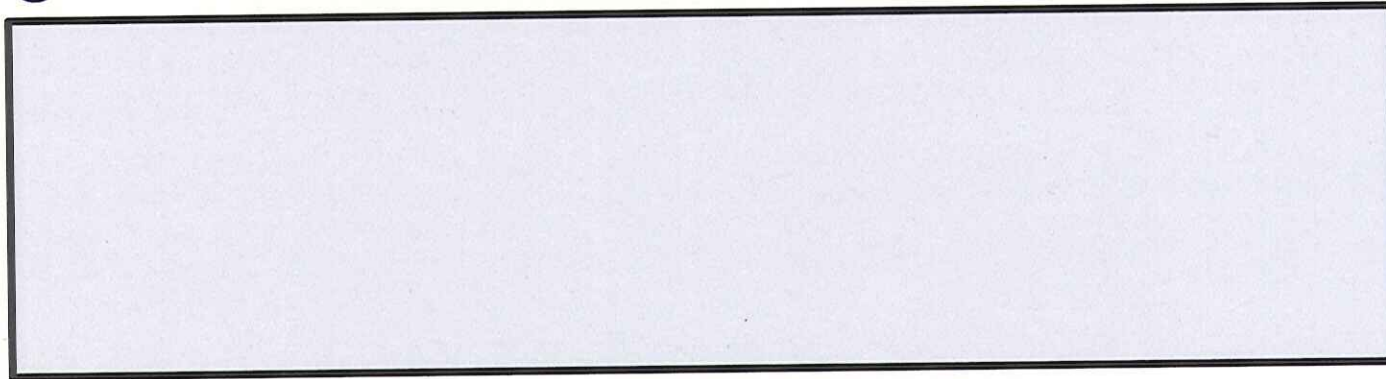
- Mismatch visible only at longer distance from scanner
- Mismatch visible as elevation difference in ground
- Mismatch visible as leaning building walls





# Calibration driving pattern I

- Large building with open area (parking lot)



# Calibration driving pattern II

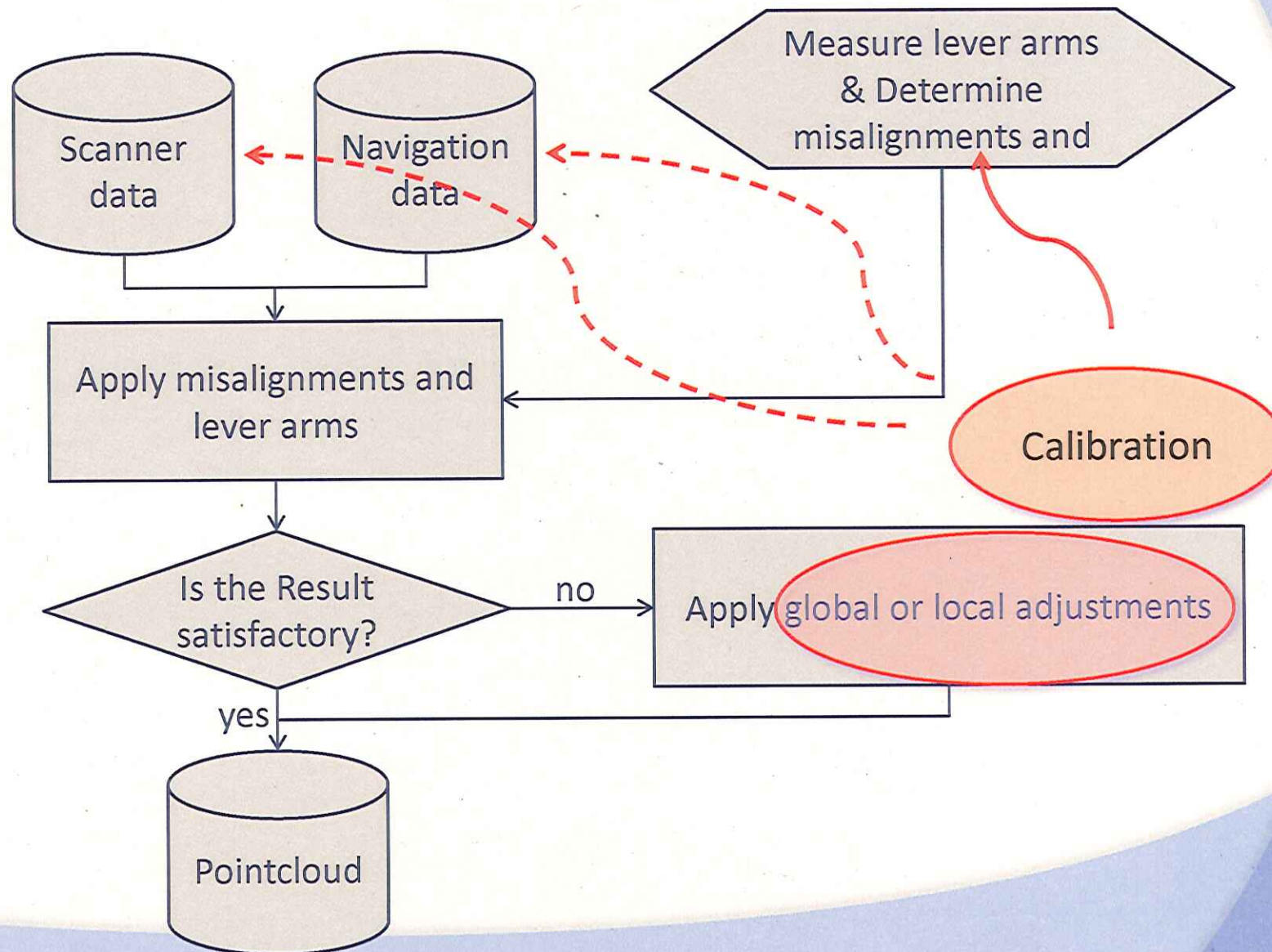


IGI engineers installing a RailMapper calibration field ...

**RAIL****M****APPER**<sup>®</sup>



# Georeferencing Workflow



# Airborne Lidar & “Mobile Mapping”



**Same** sensor technologies

- LiDAR, GNSS/INS, different cameras

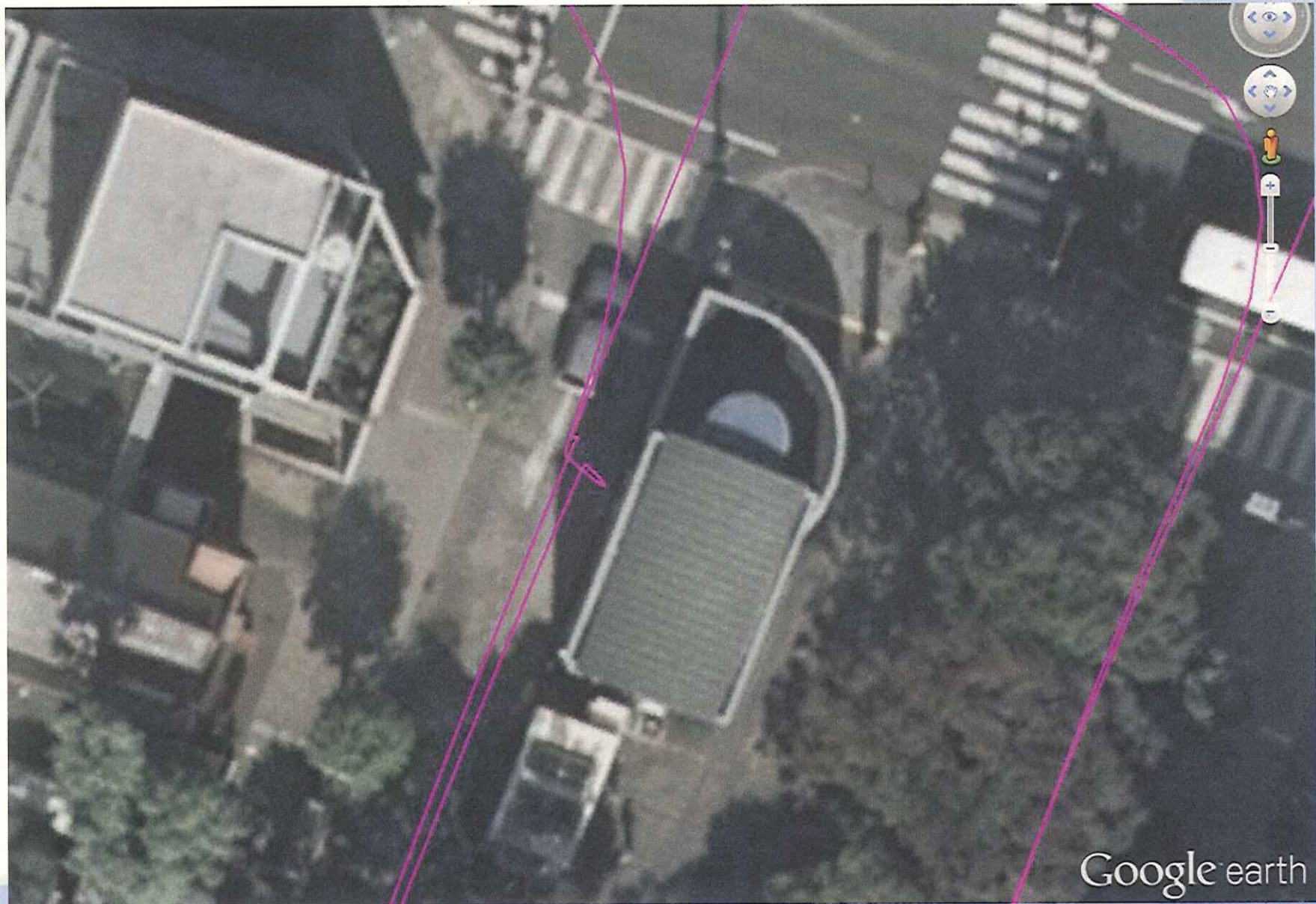
**Similar** calibration and orientation strategies

**Differences:**

- Distance to the object
- GNSS conditions
- Kinematic conditions

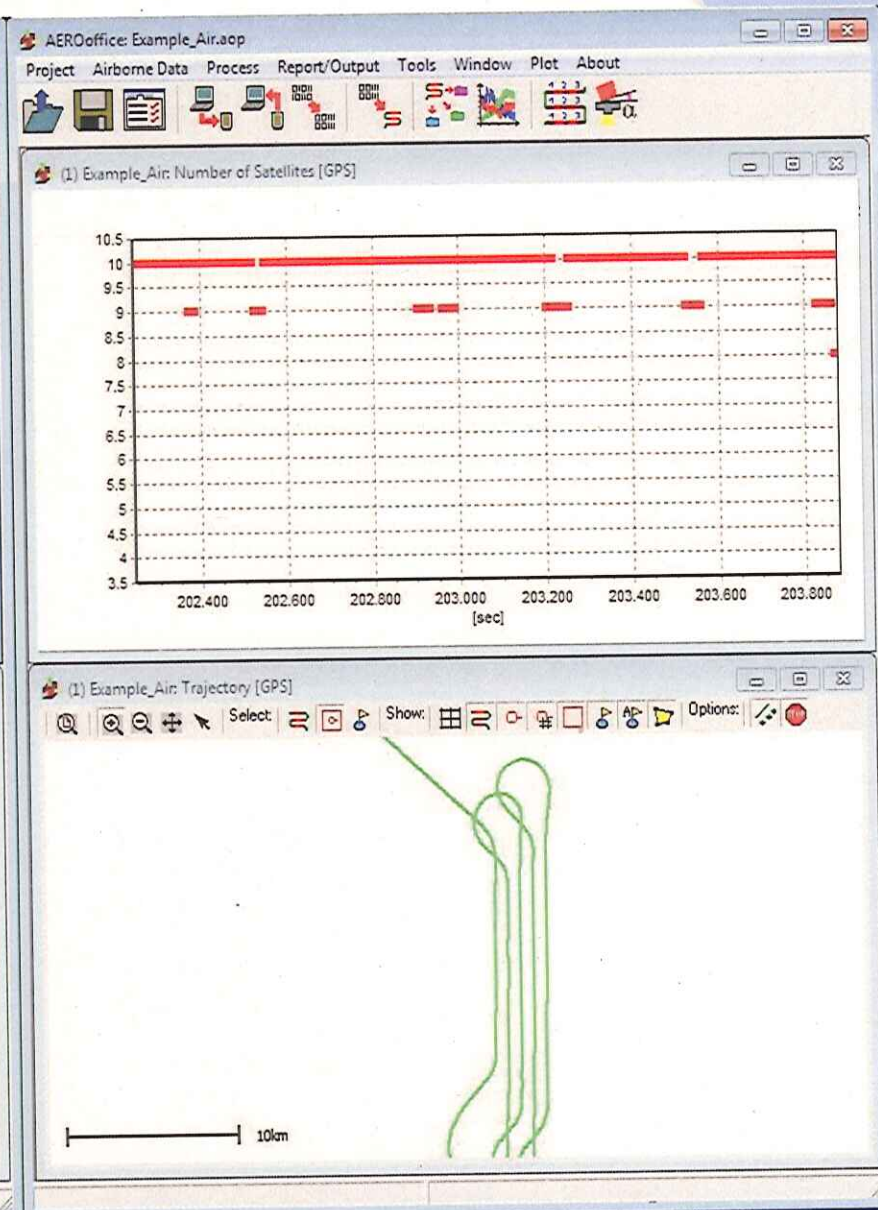
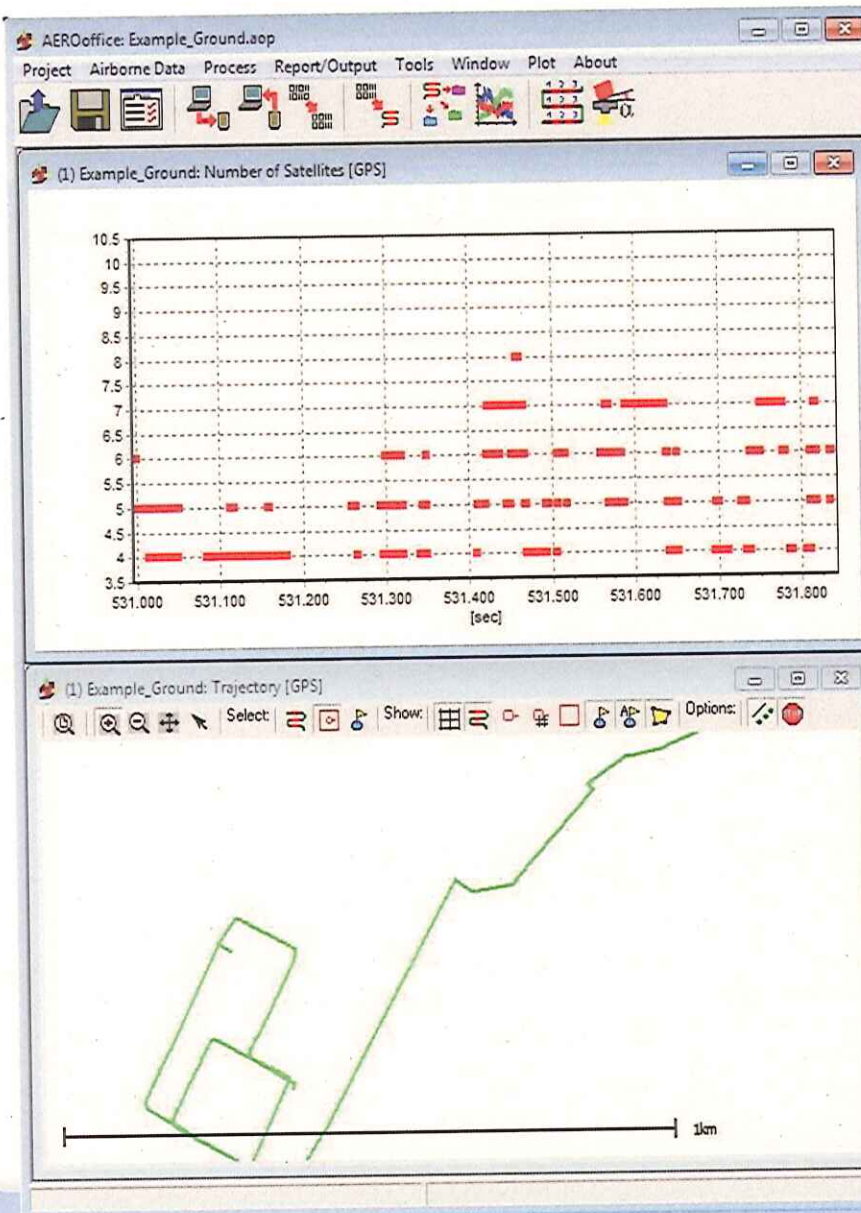


# Navigation - Standstill





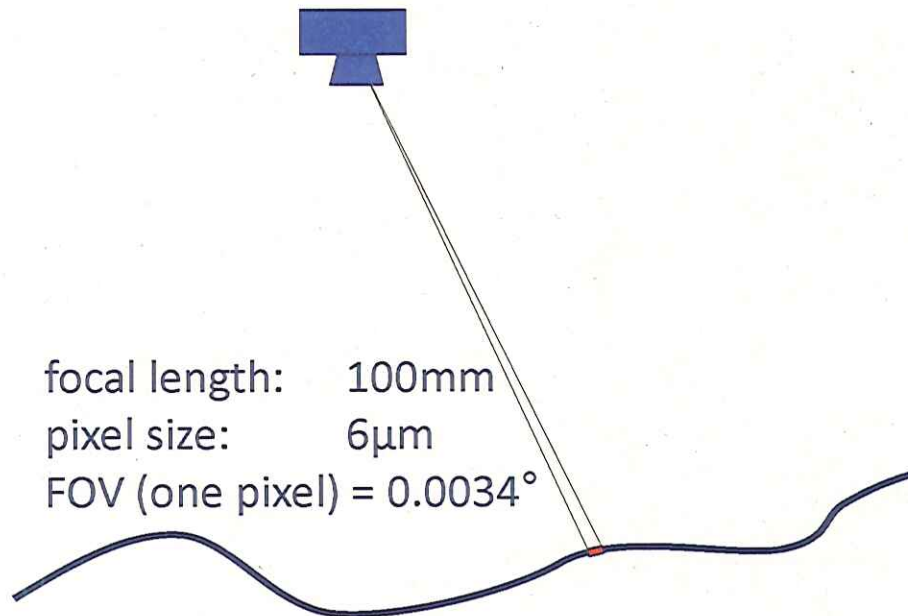
# GNSS: Air vs. Ground



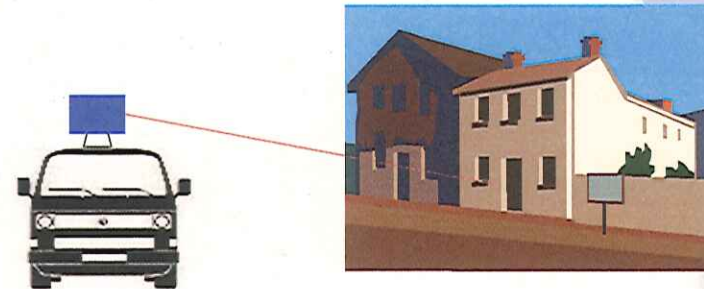


# Measurement Geometry

## Airborne LiDAR / Photogrammetry



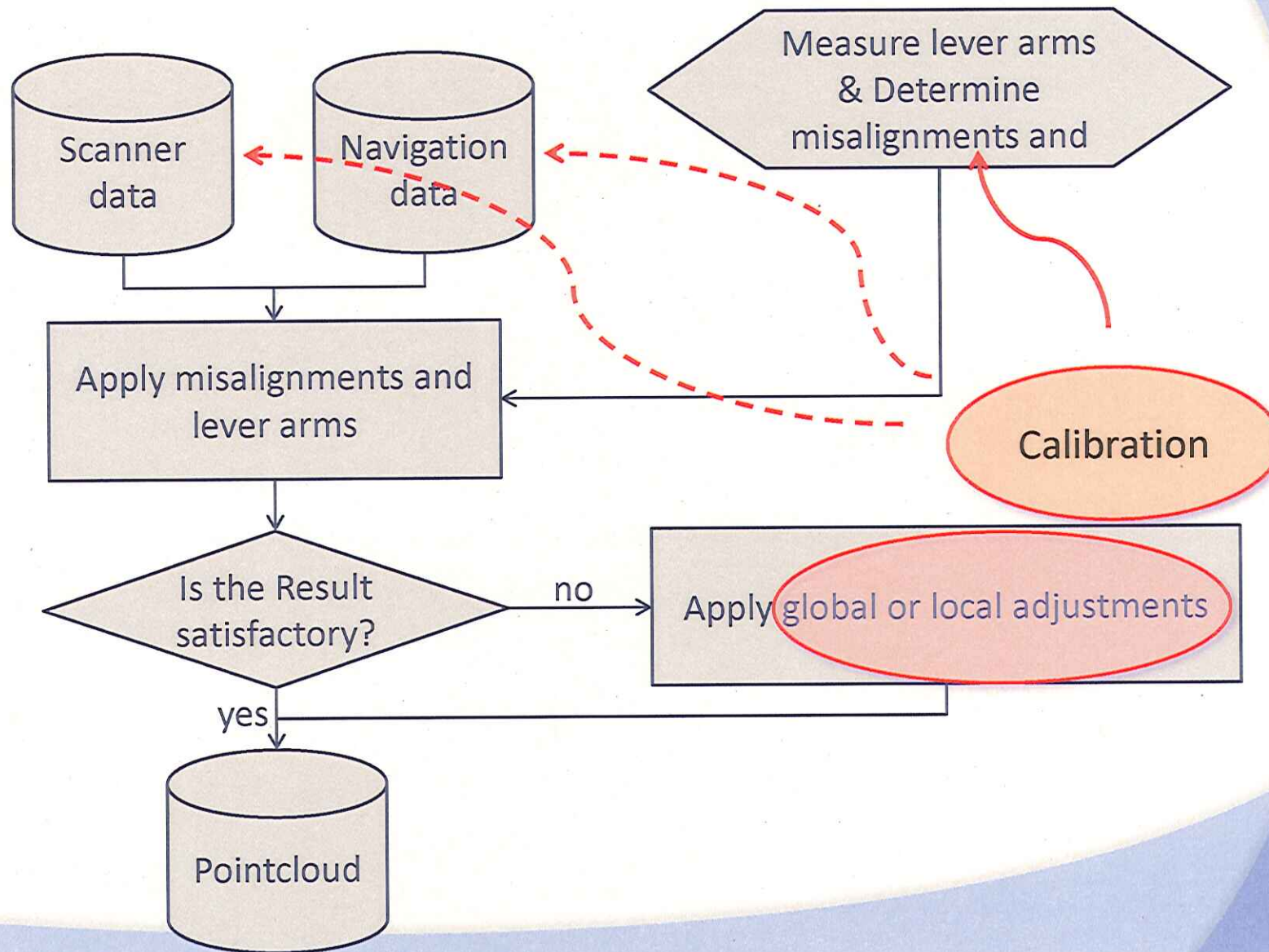
## LiDAR Mobile Mapping



distance: 5m  
accuracy:  $\sim 1\text{cm}$   
angular error =  $0.1^\circ$

Application	Position	Orientation
Airborne LiDAR or Airborne Photogrammetry	cm – dm	$0.01^\circ - 0.001^\circ$
Airborne Thermography	dm	$0.1^\circ - 0.01^\circ$
LiDAR Mobile Mapping	mm – cm	$0.1^\circ$

# Georeferencing Workflow





# Adjustment

R/PROCESS 1.4.14  
Project Object Edit View Tool Window ?

View - View01 (Single color)

point cloud

Scan data adjustment... - idle\*

INPUT RESULTS CHARTS

Switch to page "Results" when finished

Units: m, deg Modified

PARAMETERS

Adjustment:  
Calculation mode: Least Square Fit  
Tolerance: 0.000100

Manual Tie Objects:  
Search corresp. planes: ☒  
Search radius (m): 1.000  
Angular tolerance (deg): 5.000  
Max. normal dist. (m): 1.000

Auto Tie Planes:  
Use Auto Tie Planes: ☒  
Corresponding planes: <none>

Weights:  
☐ Weight objects by range  
Weight balance: 0.33  
(if PDF par. enabled) Observations: Trajectory

Calculate Analyse Protocol...  
Reset Create plots...  
Apply changes Undo last change  
Undo all changes

LASER DATA and CALIBRATIONS

Object	Roll	Pitch	Yaw	East	North	Height	Time
Laser data							
080410_112827	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
080410_113142	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
080410_113414	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
080410_113831	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
080410_113832	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
080410_114307	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
080410_114440	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
080410_114635	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Trajectory data				Latitude	Longitude	Altitude	
080410_Testflug ...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tilt mounts							
Laser devices				X	Y	Z	Range Sh...
Scanner 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Navigation devices							
INS-GPS 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Object

Project1

SYSTEM

- NAVIGATION DEVICES
  - INS-GPS 1
    - Add...
- TILT MOUNTS
  - Add...
- LASER CONFIGURATION
  - LASER DEVICES
    - Scanner 1
      - Add...
- CAMERA DEVICES
  - Add...
- EXTRACTION PARAMETER
  - ExtractionParams001
    - Add...

POS DATA

- 080410\_Testflug Siegel
  - Add...

RECORDS

- 080410\_112827
  - TIE OBJECTS
    - 080410\_112827
    - 080410\_112827
    - 080410\_112827
    - 080410\_112827
- 080410\_113142
  - TIE OBJECTS
    - 080410\_113142
    - 080410\_113142
    - 080410\_113142
    - 080410\_113142
- 080410\_113414
  - TIE OBJECTS
    - 080410\_113414
    - 080410\_113414
    - 080410\_113414
    - 080410\_113414

Status: Selected:

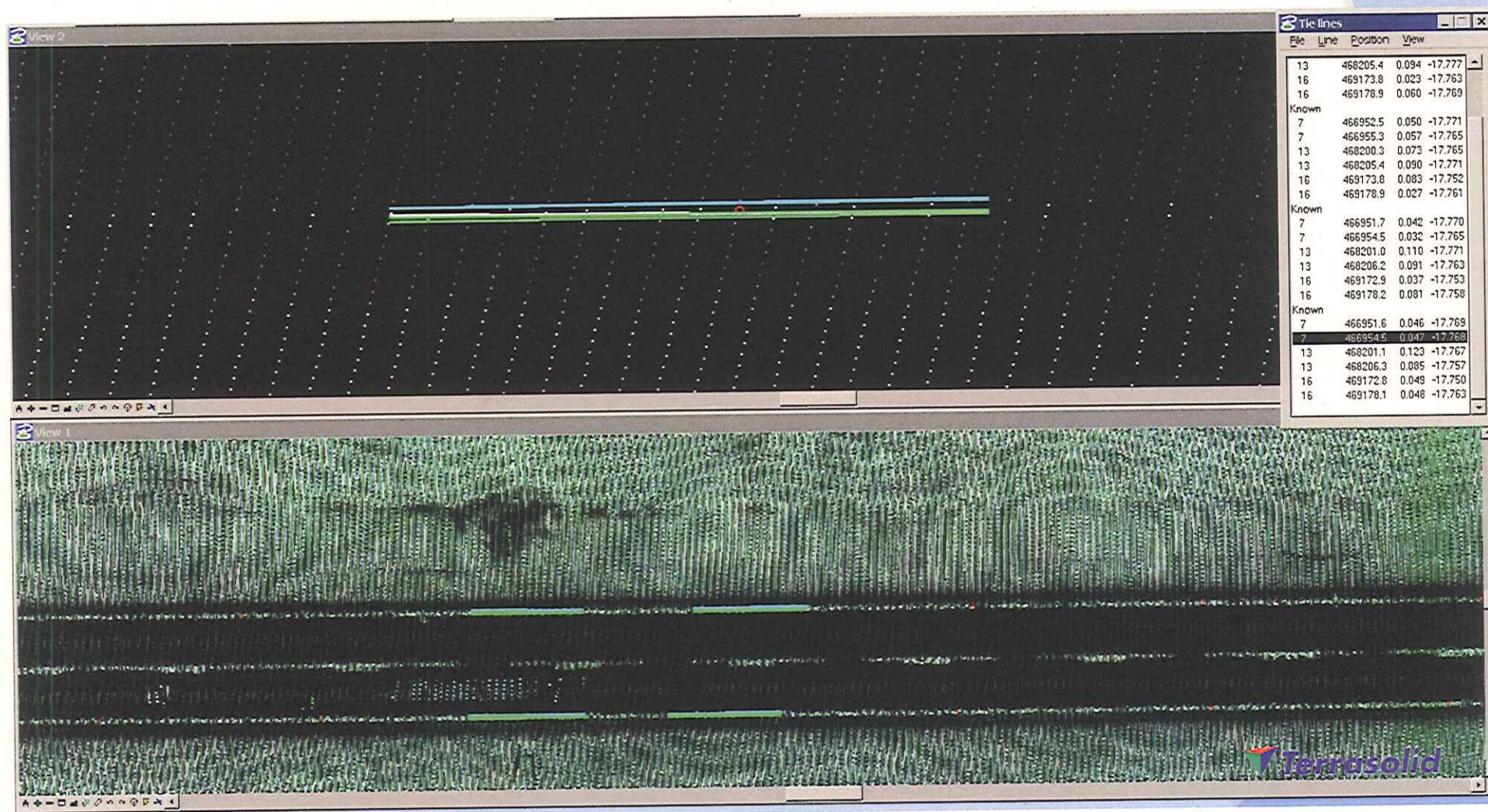
Project D:\080410\_Siegelplatte\Project1.rpp



# Terrasolid – Tie Lines

Matching based on intensity or xyz features in LIDAR

Matching based on linear features in images



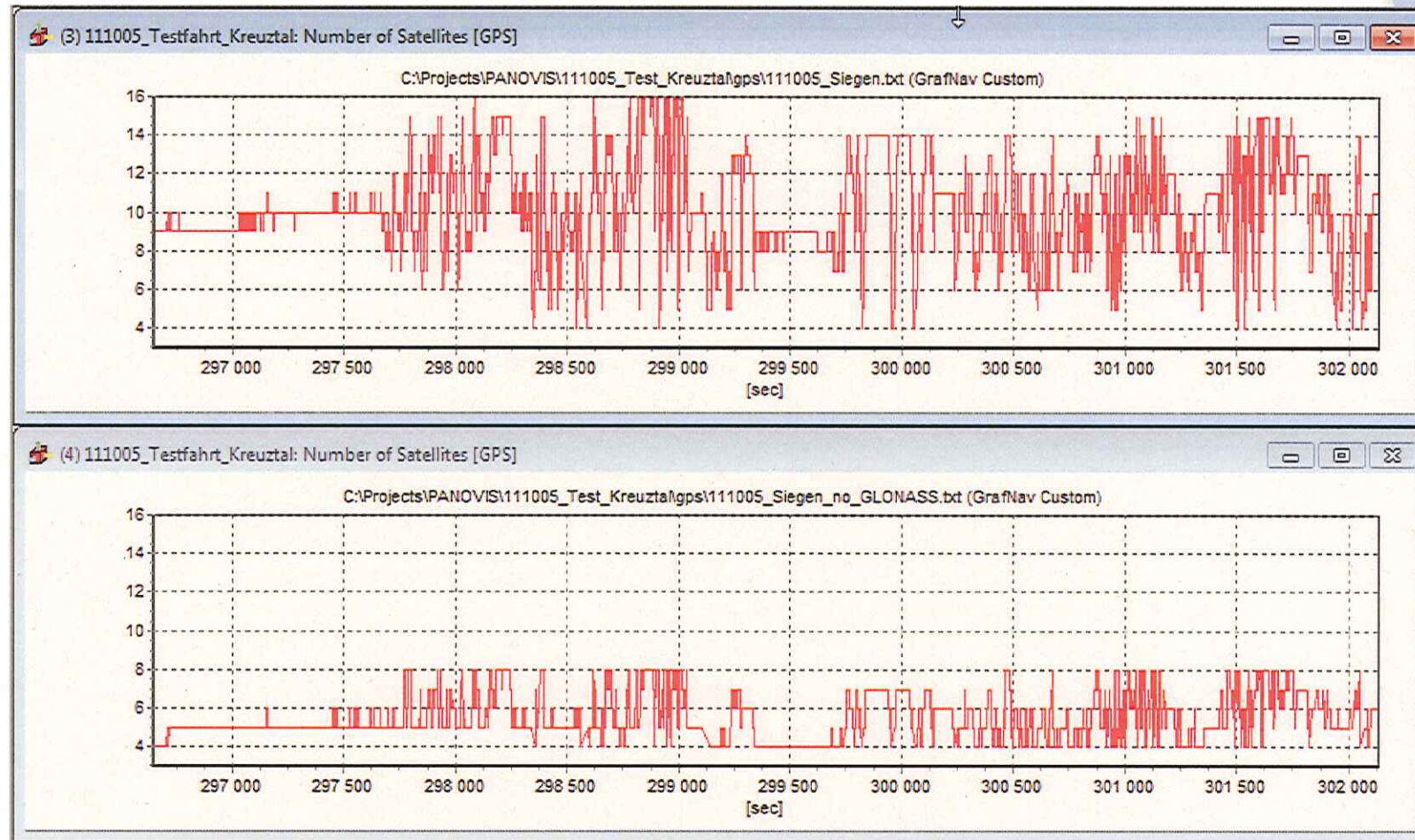


# Geometric Correction

Typical control points

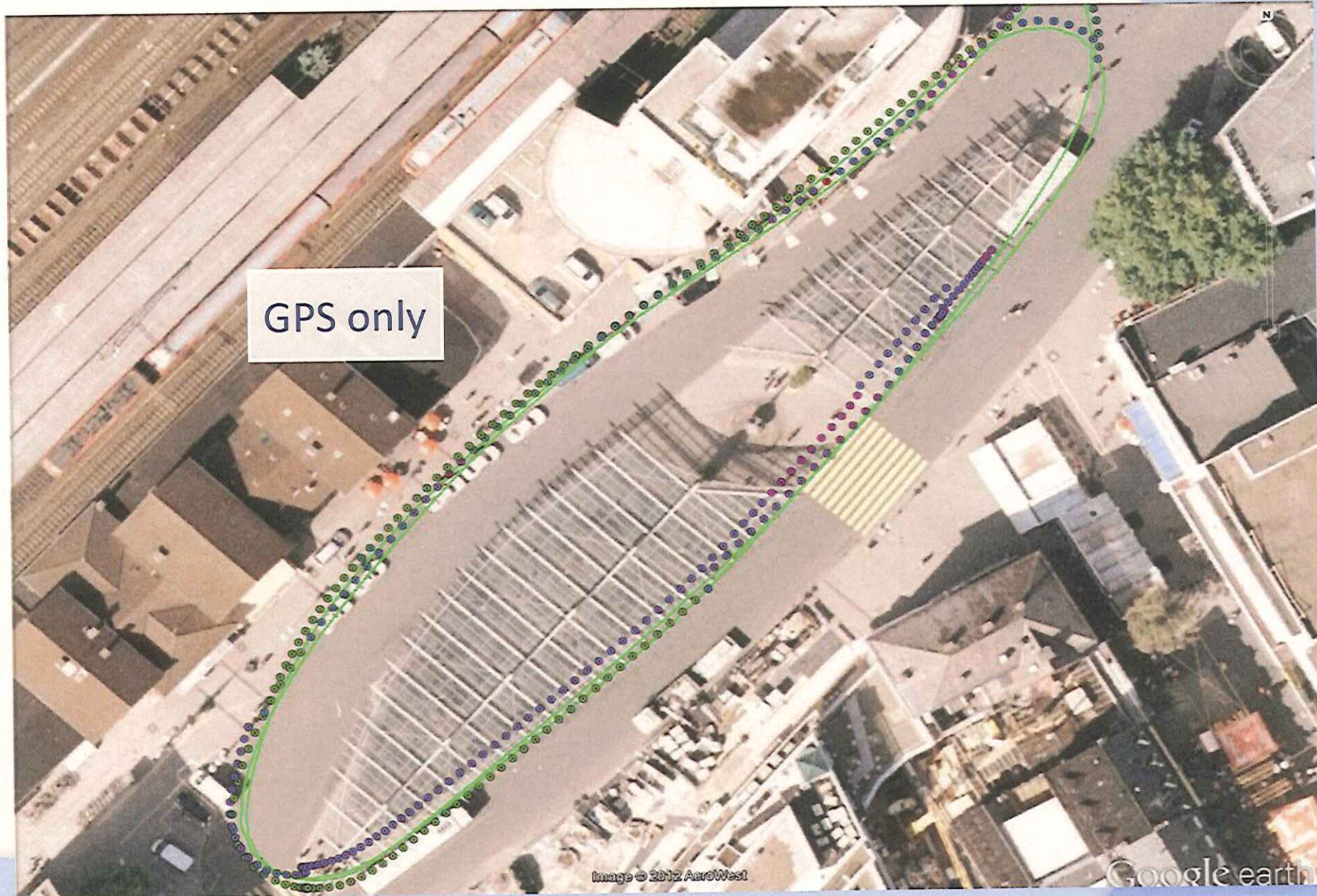


# GPS vs. GPS & GLONASS





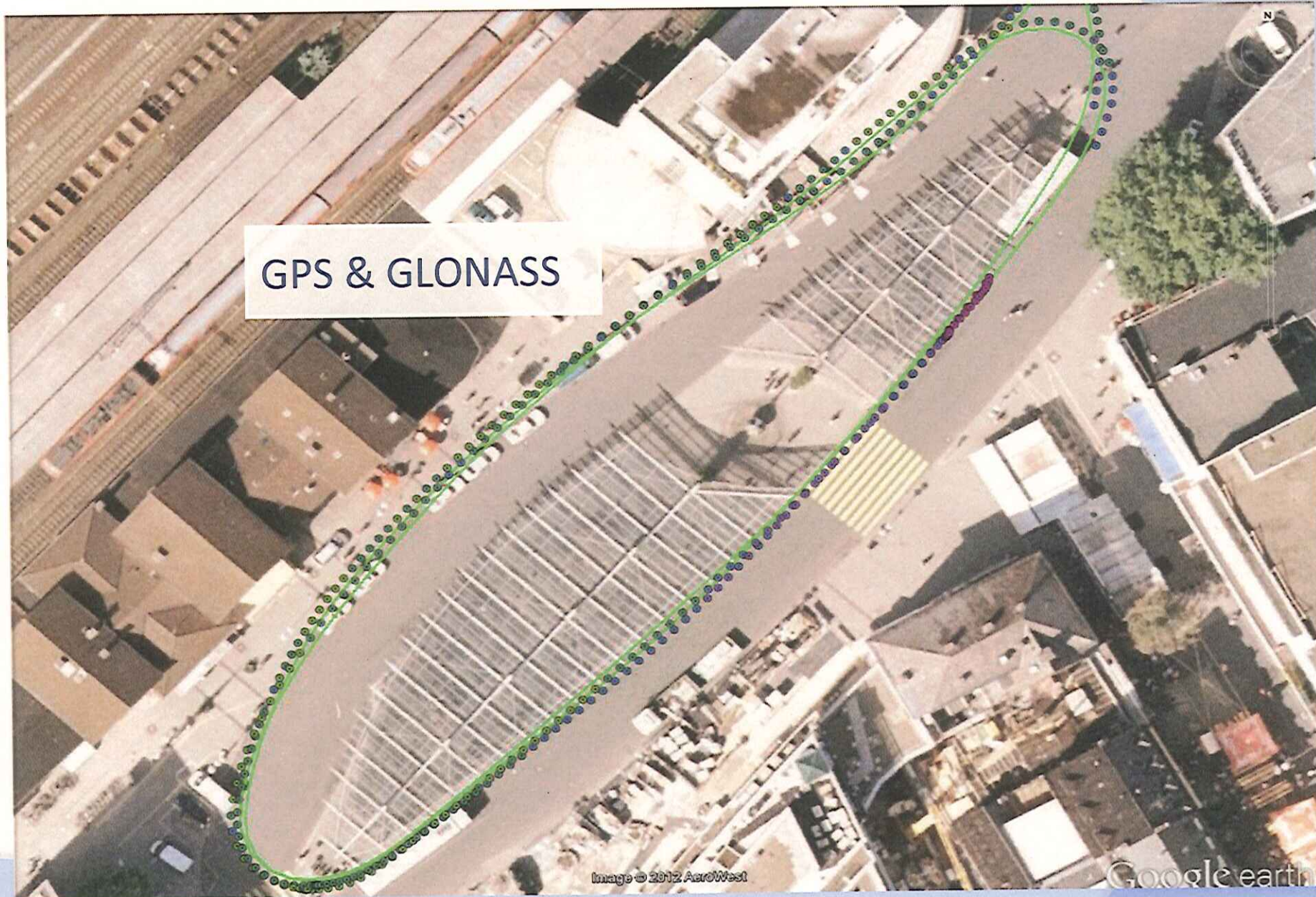
# GPS vs. GPS & GLONASS





# GPS vs. GPS & GLONASS

GPS & GLONASS



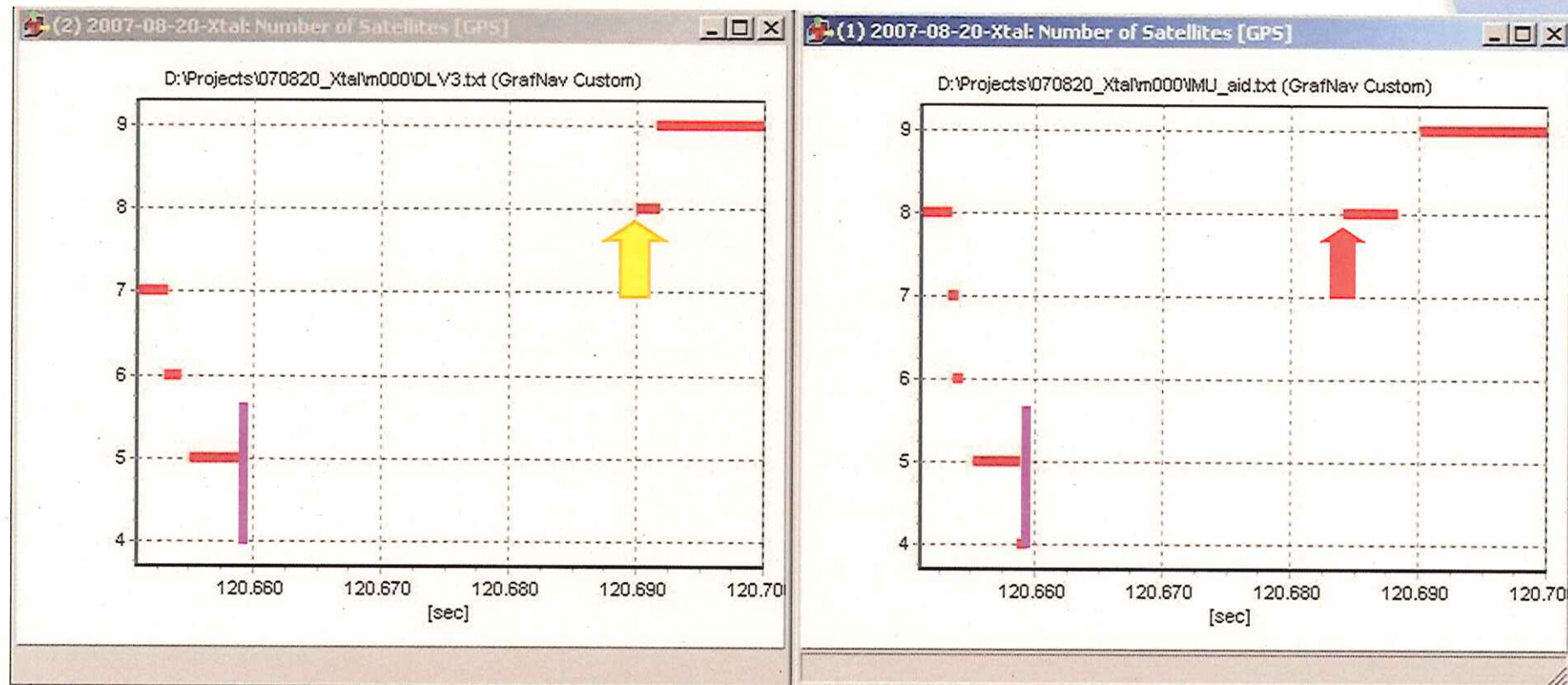


# Direct Inertial Aiding I





# Direct Inertial Aiding II





# Direct Inertial Aiding III





# Navigation – ZUPT



Google earth



# Navigation – ZUPT



Google earth



# IMU Performance

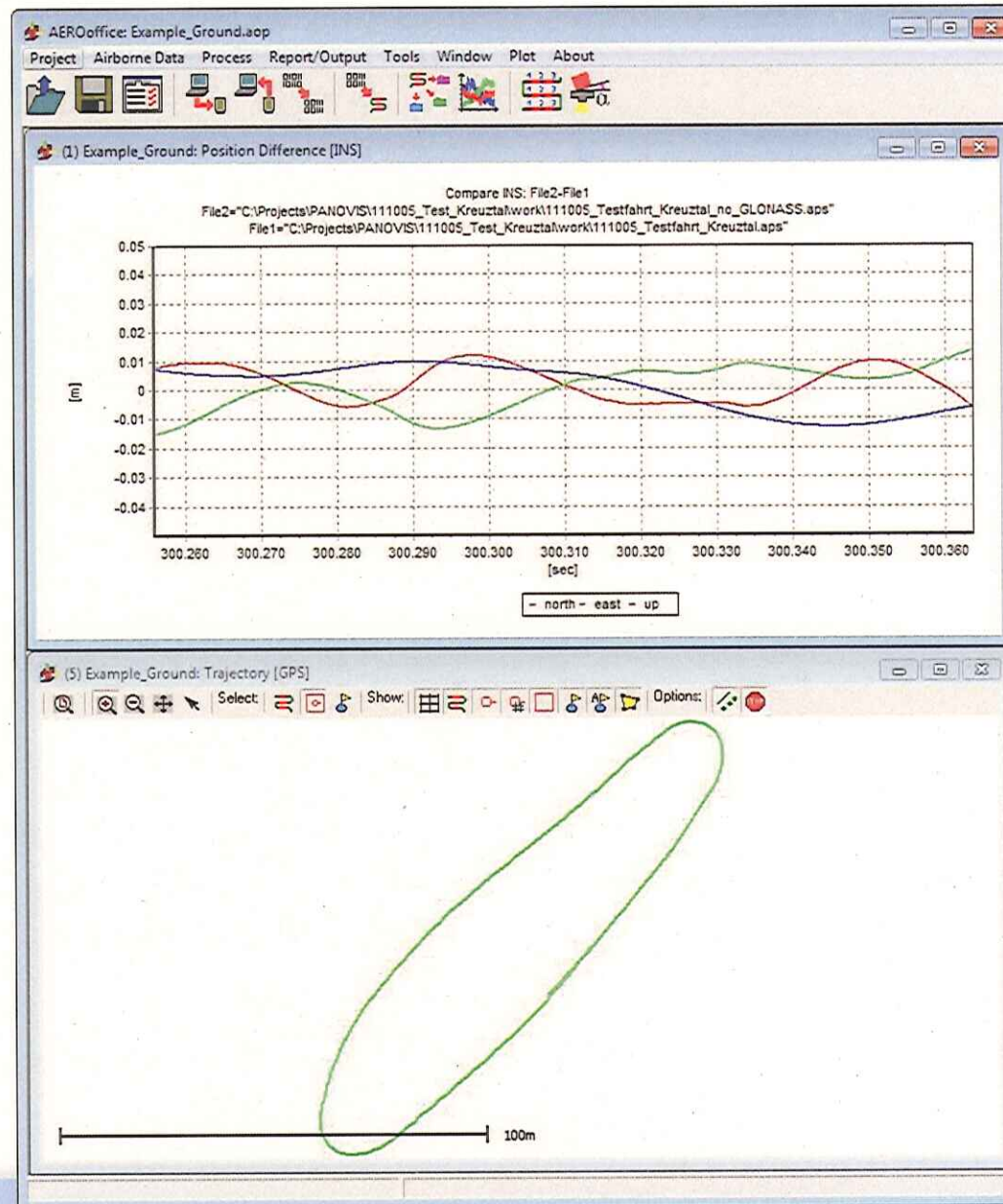
GPS only vs.  
GPS/GLONASS



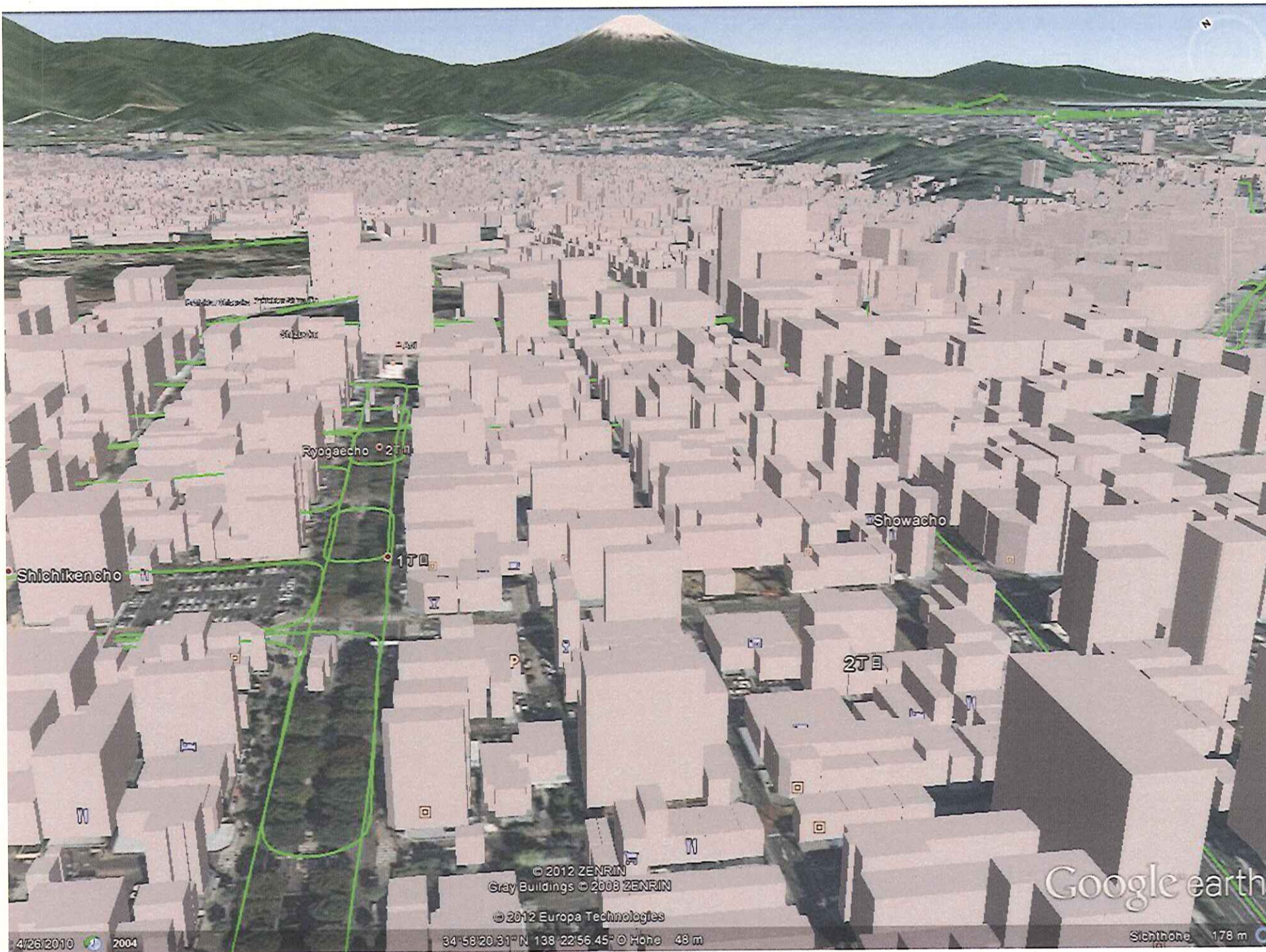


# IMU Performance

INS solution based on  
GPS only compared to  
GPS/GLONASS



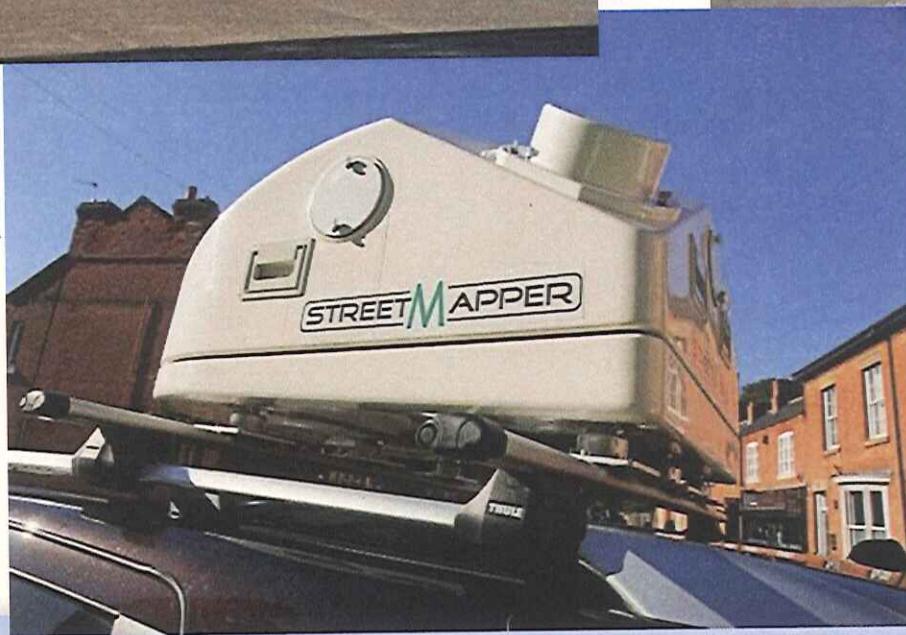






# STREETMAPPER

## Examples



# UK Highway M25

- 10 mile survey on highway
- Nearest active base station 8 miles away
- 15 control points used for processing
- 15 control points used by client as a check
- Between 7 and 9 satellites visible
- Drive survey twice
- Check accuracy
- Geometric correction:
  - fit two passes
  - tie lines to adjust data
  - control points to adjust data
- Check accuracy



# UK Highway M25

Average dz	0.001
Minimum dz	-0.025
Maximum dz	0.026
Average magnitude	0.008
RMS	0.012
Std deviations	0.012

**Table 1: Control Points 1 compared with uncorrected data**

Average dz	-0.001
Minimum dz	-0.02
Maximum dz	0.014
Average magnitude	0.007
RMS	0.009
Std deviations	0.009

**Table 2: Control Points 2 compared with uncorrected data**

Average dz	-0.001
Minimum dz	-0.004
Maximum dz	0.003
Average magnitude	0.002
RMS	0.002
Std deviations	0.002

**Table 3: Control Points 2 compared with corrected data**



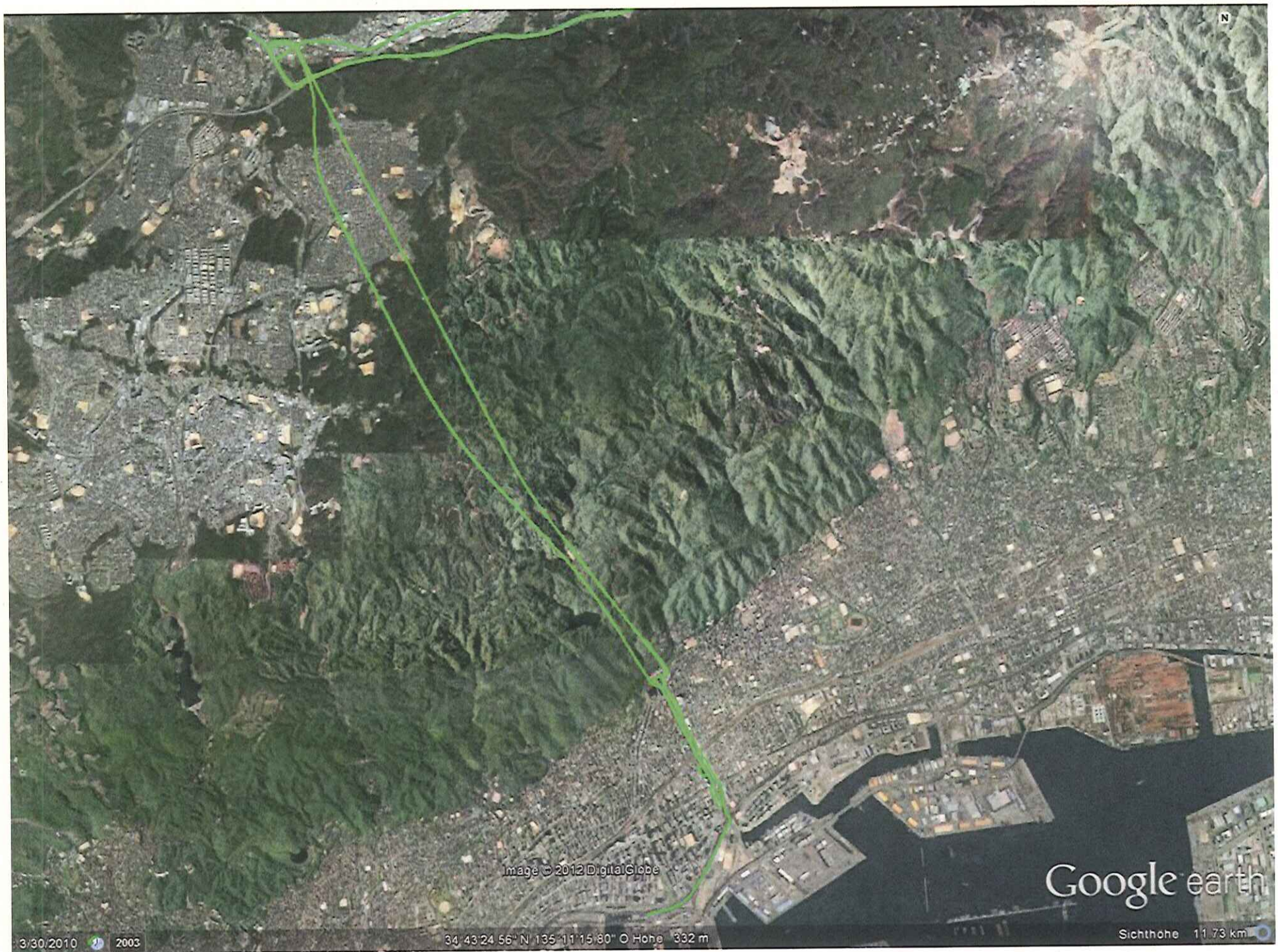


Image © 2012 DigitalGlobe

Google earth

3/30/2010 2003

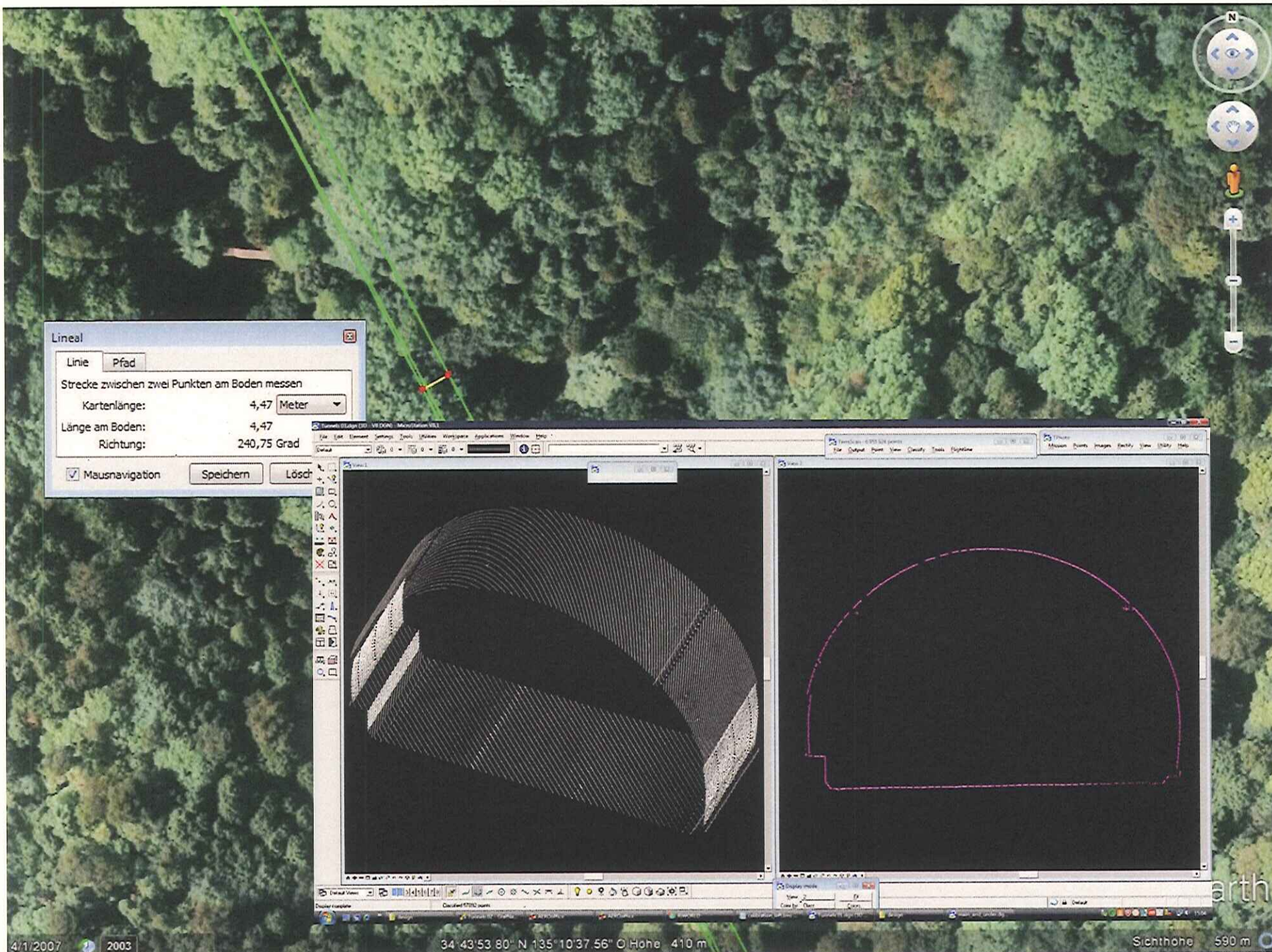
34° 43' 24.56" N 135° 11' 15.80" O Höhe 332 m

Sichtweite 11.73 km










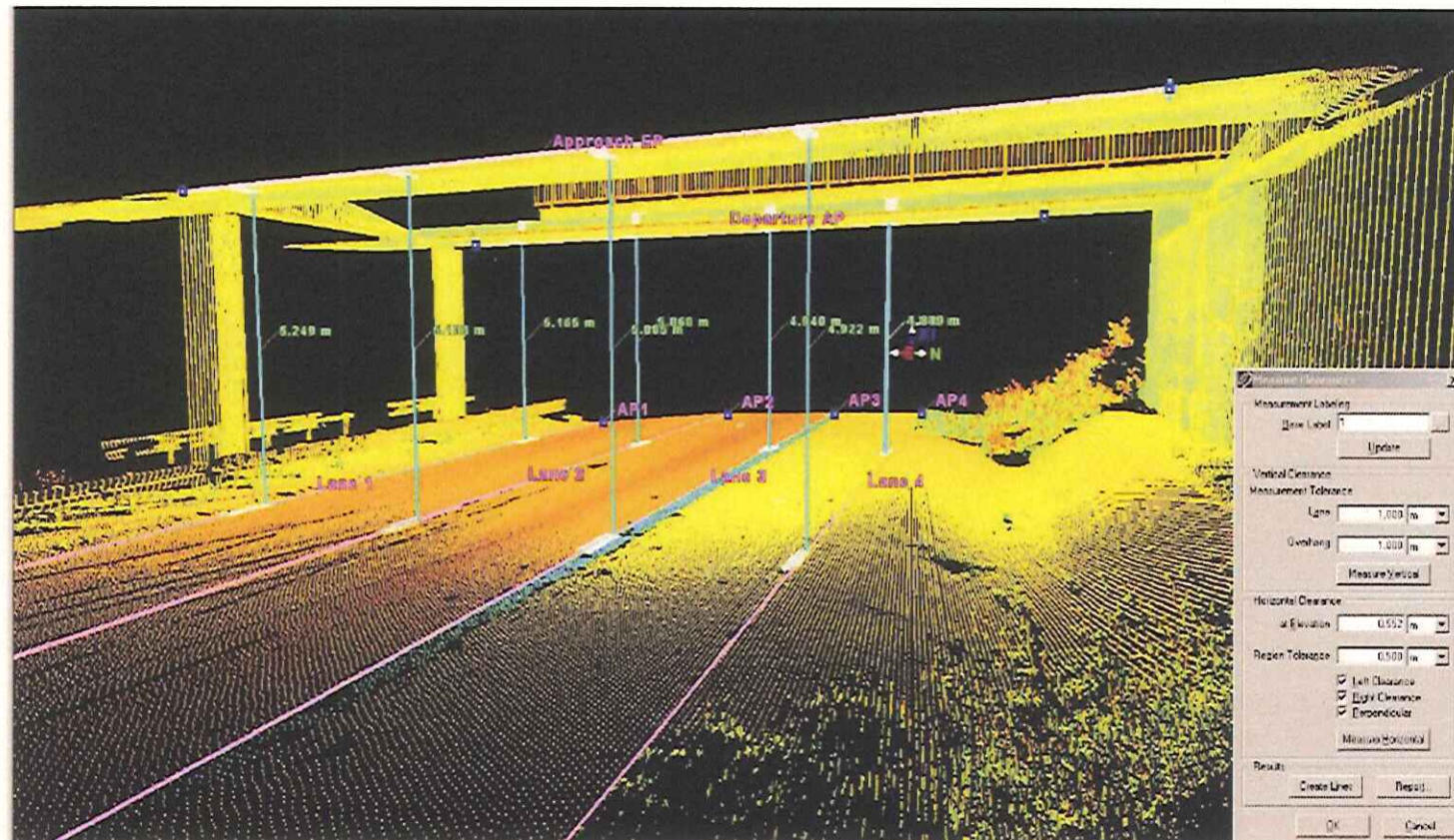




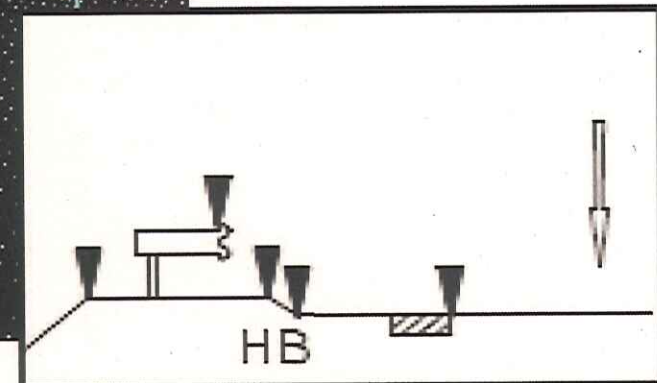
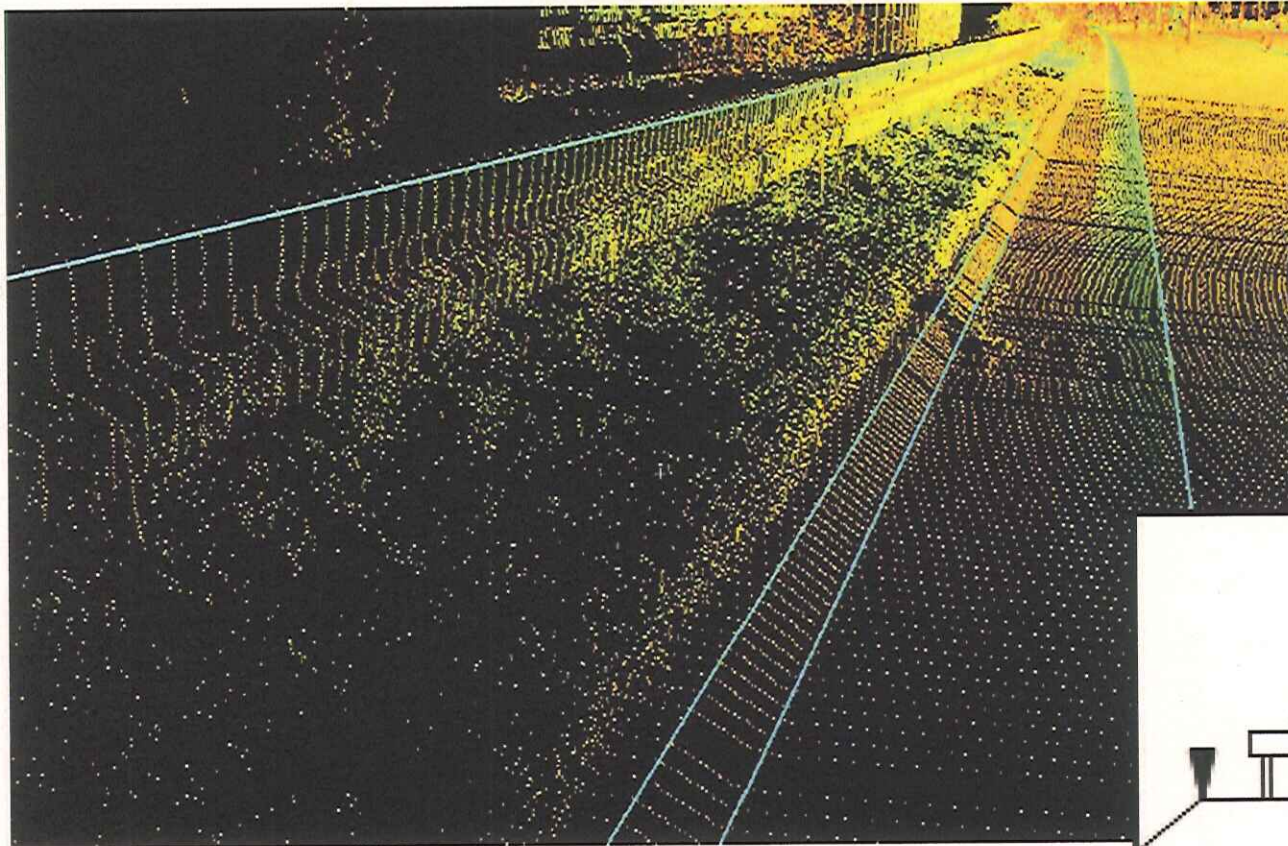
## **Effiziente Bestandsdatenvermessung mit dem Mobile Mapping System „Streetmapper“ - Teil 1: Vorstellung von Ergebnissen -**

**Dr.-Ing. Brigitte Husen, Landesbetrieb Straßenbau NRW  
Fachcenter Vermessung/Straßeninformationssysteme**





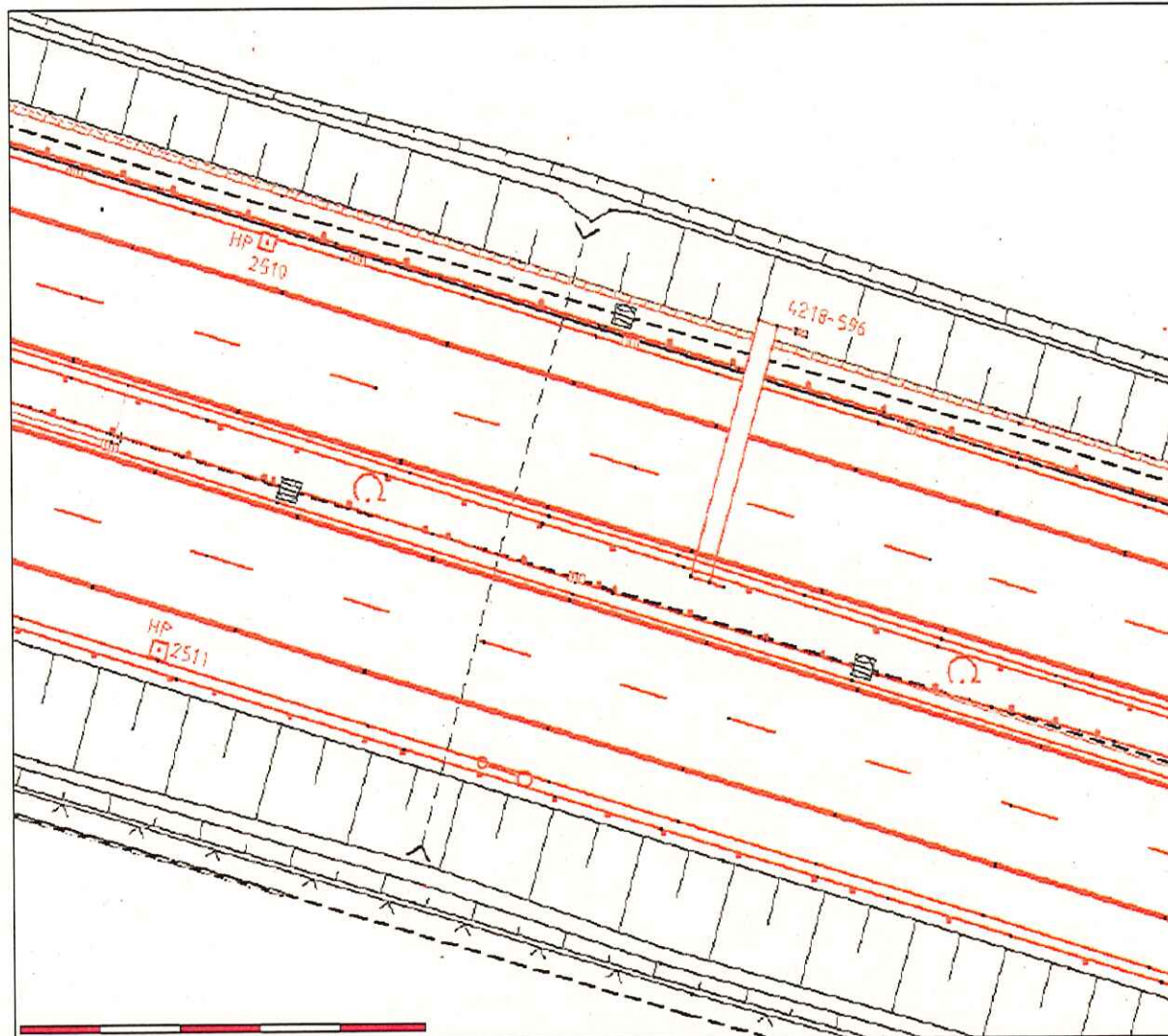




Fahrbahnrand mit Hochbord und Schutzplanke



## Bestandsplan (Ausschnitt)



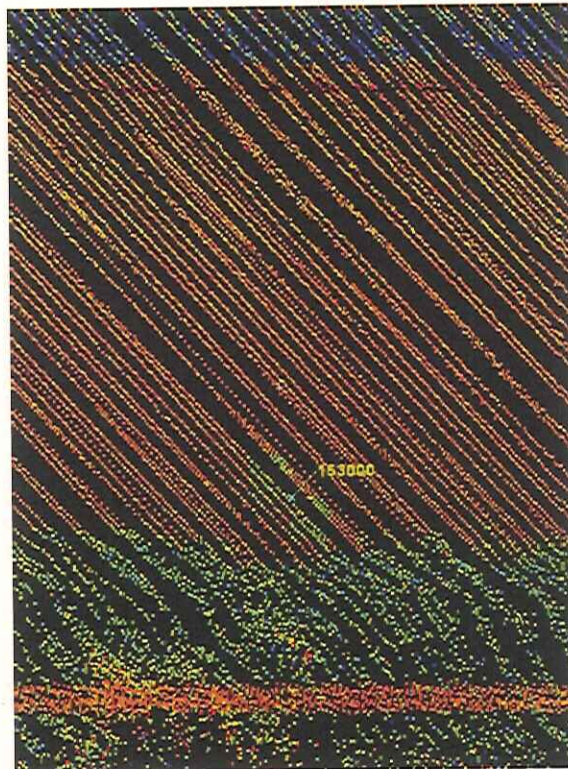
rot:

Objekte aus der Punktwolke erfasst.

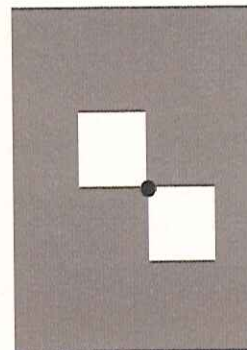
schwarz:

Objekte mit Tachymeter/GPS gemessen.





Standstreifen (Ausschnitt)



Signalisierung

## Genauigkeiten:

$$\sigma_R = 12 \text{ mm}$$

$$\sigma_H = 21 \text{ mm}$$

$$\sigma_h = 5 \text{ mm}$$

## Abweichungen an unabhängigen, signalisierten Kontrollpunkte

dR [cm]	dH [cm]	dh [cm]
0,1	1,4	-0,1
2,2	2,4	0,7
0,5	2,0	0,0
1,3	2,5	-0,6
0,2	3,1	0,1
-0,2	-1,5	-0,2
-2,1	1,5	-1,1
0,1	-0,8	0,2
-0,6	-0,2	-0,9
-1,1	-1,2	-1,1
-0,2	-3,7	0,4
-0,8	-1,5	-0,3
3,0	0,2	-0,1
-0,8	1,7	0,1
0,9	1,9	0,1
-0,4	2,1	-0,7
0,9	3,2	0,4
-1,7	3,2	-0,3



# Conclusion

- A careful system calibration is a prerequisite for high accuracy Mobile Mapping.
- Local adjustments are generally much more important for Mobile Mapping than for airborne LiDAR.
- Combining a high performance GNSS/INS with a state of the art LiDAR and the current calibration and adjustment techniques allows for cm accuracies for a wide range of project conditions.